

JSC Apatit

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EU) No.1907/2006, No. 453/2010, No 1272/2008. 42371: 52

"""PR*U+'36<62*9+''

1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identification

Name	PR*U+'36-62*9+' (hereinafter - NPS)
Designation	Fertilizer
Chemical Name (IUPAC)	Not available (see section 3)
EC No	Not available (see section 3)
CAS No	Not available (see section 3)
REACH Registration No	Not available (see section 3)
Synonyms	

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the substance, and uses advised against

Identified uses	Agriculture: surface spreading or incorporation at open field and/or
The description of relevant	forest fertilization, professional and consumer end-use (fertilization
identified uses is given in Annex 1	of amenity: parks, public lawn, sport field, golf courses).
to the Safety Data Sheet	Surface spreading at home gardens.
	Solid or liquid: as such or in a mixture.
	Fertigation at open field: liquid fertilizer
	Blending of fertilizer and other compounds as compost and
	substrates and pesticides.
	Dilution or suspension
	Including, filling into containers or transfer from one container to
	another, packing.
	Transfer from one container to another, loading/unloading of liquid
	and solid fertilizer by industrial or professional
	Synthesis
	Co-formulant in PPPs
	Industrial Use
	Fermentation - Nutrient
Uses advised against	There are no restrictions for using.

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the SDS

Manufacturer/Supplier	JSC Apatit. Balakovo branch of JSC Apatit
	Village Bikov Otrog, proezd Himikov, Building 1
	413810, Saratov Region, Balakovski district, Russia
	Telephone:+7 (8453) 66 59 01
	Fax:+7 (8453) 62 48 72
	E-mail:bmu@bmu.ru
Only Representative	PHOSINT LIMITED
	21 Vasili Michailidi 3026 Limassol, Cyprus Postal Address;
	P.O. Box 54708, CY-3727 Limassol Cyprus
	Tel +357 – 25 – 508003, Fax +357 – 25 – 508004
	E-mail: <u>phosint@virtualoffice8.com</u>

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1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Manufacturer/supplier

+7 (8453) 66-02-77 (This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.)

IRELAND (REPUBLIC OF) National Poisons Information Centre Beaumont Hospital: +35 318 37 99 64

UNITED KINGDOM National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital: +44 870 60 062 66 (UK only)

Directory of poison centres http://www.who.int/gho/phe/chemical safety/phe poison centres.xls

2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the Substance

Product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) and according to Directive No. 67/548/EEC.

2.2 Label Elements

No signal words, hazard and precautionary statements.

2.3 Other Hazards

When substance is heated to decomposition temperature (above 155 °C), the toxic fumes of ammonia and oxides of nitrogen and sulfur (sulfur trioxide) release to environment. If the rules of handling are violated, product may cause the pollution of the environment.

High dust concentrations of air-borne material may cause irritation of the nose and upper respiratory tract with symptoms such as sore throat and coughing.

To avoid respiratory tract irritation inhalation exposure should be kept to a minimum, by observing good work practice and ensuring good ventilation around work areas

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

According to the REACH Regulation the product is a mixture.

Substance name	Product identifier	% w/w	Classification according to
			Directive 67/548/EEC
	Main Constituent		
Ammonium	EC No 231-764-5; CAS No 7722-76-1	70÷67	Not classified
Dihydrogenorthophosphate	REACH Reference No 01-2119488166-		
	29-XXXX		
	EC Index – not listed		
Diammonium Sulphate	EC No 231-984-1; CAS No 7783-20-2	42÷52	Not classified
	EC Index – not listed		
	REACH Reference No 01-2119455044-		
	46-XXXX		
Impurities			
Diammonium	EC No 231-987-8; CAS No 7783-28-0	2.0÷; .0	Not classified
Hydrogenorthophosphate	EC Index – not listed		

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			Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
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	46-XXXX		
Impurities			
Diammonium	EC No 231-987-8; CAS No 7783-28-0	2.0÷; .0	Not classified
Hydrogenorthophosphate	EC Index – not listed		

Remarks:

Additive - Coating product Rimina or another similar for conditioning fertilizers to prevent caking and dusting thereof registered with ECHA by supplier in accordance with established procedure.

Products used are not subject to authorization as CMR and PBT.

4 First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

General	Warning before intervention: When product is heated to decomposition temperature	
information	(above 155 °C), the toxic fumes of ammonia and oxides of nitrogen and sulfur	
	(sulfur trioxide) release to environment.	
Inhalation	Provide an access to fresh air.	
	If breathing is difficult, give an oxygen.	
	If not breathing, give artificial respiration.	
	Remove from source of exposure to dusts.	
	Seek medical advice.	
Skin contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water (for at least 15 minutes).	
	Wash skin thoroughly with water and mild soap.	
	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.	
	Wash clothing before re-using.	
	Seek medical advice.	
Eye contact	Immediately rinse the eyes with clean water within 10-15 minutes.	
	If symptoms persist, consult with a doctor.	
	Retract eyelids often.	
	Seek immediate medical advice.	
Ingestion	Give water to drink. Do not induce vomiting, if a patient is in an unconsciousness.	
	If necessary, try to find the professional medical care and bring a patient to the	
	hospital.	
Note to physician	Inhalation of fire and thermal decomposition gases, containing ammonia, can cause	
	irritation and corrosive effects on the respiratory system. Some lung effects may be	
	delayed.	

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed

Inhalation	Scratching in the throat, cough.
Eye contact	Can cause irritation of eyes due to dust, redness, pain.

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Clinical picture of acute poisoning: general weakness, headache, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhea.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risk of : Pulmonary edema. Symptoms may be delayed. Specific treatment is necessary. Pulmonary edema prophylaxis.

5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Any extinguishing media can be used: water, carbon dioxide, Alcohol resistant foam, dry powder. Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: not available.

5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance/Mixture

The product is not flammable.

When product is heated to decomposition temperature (above 155 °C), the toxic fumes of ammonia and oxides of nitrogen and sulfur (sulfur trioxide) release to environment.

Avoid breathing the fumes (toxic). Stand up-wind of the Fire.

5.3 Advice for Fire Fighters

Use self-contained breathing apparatus, total impervious protective suits for the whole body protection, gloves, goggles and boots must be worn.

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For emergency and non-emergency	Wear appropriate personal protection equipment (see section 8).
personal	Keep away from incompatible products (see sections 7.2, 10.4).
	Keep public away from area

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3 Methods and Material for containment and cleaning up

Containment	Sweep or shovel the dry product into suitable containers and send for use, processing or disposal as restricted by local/national regulations (see section 13). Wash thoroughly after handling.
Cleaning up	Provide adequate ventilation. The affected area should be thoroughly washed and cleaned with water. Waste-water after washing and cleaning should be sent to sewage-treatment plant.

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7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

To prevent fire	No special measures are required. The product is not flammable.
	Protect from heat
To prevent dust generation	Ensure adequate ventilation and dust level control at the workplace.
	Avoid excessive generation of dust.
To protect the environment	Prevent from getting into water bodies.
	Take care to avoid the contamination of watercourses and drains and
	inform the appropriate authority in case of accidental contamination of
	watercourses
Advice to general occupational	Use personal protective equipment (see section 8. 16.5).
hygiene	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	Avoid inhalation of product.
	Wash hands and other exposed parts of body with mild soap and water
	before eat, drink or smoke and when leaving work. Do not breathe dust.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities

Technical measures and storage conditions	Packed or bulk product must be stored in closed storage spaces protected from atmospheric precipitation and humidity. In household: keep separately from foodstuffs, in places beyond the reach of children and pets. Store in dry, cool area. Prevent contact with incompatible substances: oxidising agents, alkalis and strong acid. Keep away from incompatible products (see section 10.4).
Requirements for storage rooms	Storage facilities should be adequately ventilated. Amount of product in storage is not restricted.
Packaging materials	Plastics (PP, PE).

7.3 Recommended Restrictions for Use

Follow the recommendations about dosage and application on different types of soil and agricultural crops given by agrochemical services.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Diammonium Hydrogenorthophosphate (CAS No 7783-28-0)
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Occupational Exposure Limit values	Occupational Exposure Limit value for substance is not available. The workplace atmosphere monitoring must include dustiness control. Occupational Exposure Limit values for inhalable dust are given in this subsection. Substance: Dust, inhalable CAS No				
	Country	Limit value Eight hours, m			
	Austria	10	20		
	Belgium	10			
	20				
France 10					
	Germany (AGS)	10	20		
	Germany (DFG)	4			
	<u>Hungary</u>	10			
	Spain 10				
	Sweden 10				
	Switzerland	10			
	Remarks				
	1 France: Bold type: Restrictive statutory limit values				
	2 Germany (AGS): 15 minutes average value, insoluble particulates				
	3 Germany (DFG:) long term exposure level, insoluble particulates				
	Source: Based on GESTIS International Limit Values Database via:				
Monitoring procedure	http://limitvalue.ifa.dguv.de/WebForm_ueliste.aspx BS EN 14042:2003 Title identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide				
Womtoring procedure	for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of				
	exposure to chemical and biological agents.				
No Observed Adverse Effect Level	Long-term - systemic effects				
(Concentration) for workers	dermal NOAEL 2498,4 mg/kg bw/day (based on AF of 72) inhalation NOAEC 439,2 mg/m³ (based on AF of 72)				
No Observed Adverse Effect Level	Long-term - systemic effects				
(Concentration) for general	dermal NOAEL 2496,0 mg/kg bw/day (based on AF of 120)				
population	inhalation NOAEC 216,0 mg/m³ (based on AF of 120)				
	Oral NOAEL 252,0 mg/kg bw/day (based on AF of 120)				
Predicted No Effect Concentration	aqua (freshwater): 1,7 mg/L				
(PNEC)	aqua (marine water): 0,17 mg/L aqua (intermittent releases): 17 mg/L				
	sewage treatment plant: 10 mg/L				
Dian	nmonium Sulphate (C		2)		
Occupational Exposure Limit			e for substance is not available.		
values	_	*	oring must include dustiness		
			imit values for inhalable dust are		
	given in this subsection. Substance: Dust, inhalable				
	CAS No 7783-20-2				
	Germany TRGS900		$\frac{10 \text{ mg/m}^3}{10 \text{ mg/m}^3}$		
	The Netherlands MAC TGG 8H 10 mg/m ³				

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			WEL TWA		10 mg/m ³	
DNEL/PN	DNEL/PNEC					
DNEL/DMEL				Critical	Remark	
	Vorker	Consumer	Exposure	Exposure freguency	component	Kemark
Industry	Professional		routs		component	
N/A	N/A	N/A	Oral	Short term (acute)		
N/A	N/A	6.4 mg/kg dw/day	Olai	Long term (repeated)	N/A	None
N/A	N/A	N/A	Dermal	Short term (acute)		
42.67 mg/kg dw/day	N/A	12.8 mg/kg dw/day	Demiai	Long term (repeated))	
N/A	N/A	N/A	Inhalation			
11.17 mg/m ³	N/A	1.67 mg/m ³	67 Long term (repeat)	
Predicted No Effect aqua (freshwater): 0.312 mg/L						
Concentration (PNEC) aqua (marine water): 0,0312 mg/L						
aqua (intermittent releases): 0.53 mg/L						
sewage treatment plant: 16.18 mg/L						
	PNEC sediment: 0.063 mg/l					
	PNEC soil: 62.6 mg/kg soil dw					
	PNEC oral (secondary poisoning): No potential for bioaccumulation					ılation

8.2 Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls	Production area must be adequately ventilated	
	(general combined air suction and air supply ventilation system).	
	Personal protection equipment should be available on site.	
	The source of running water and shower should be provided on site.	
Personal Protection	See section 16.5.	
	Eyes and face: Wear safety goggles.	
	Hands: Use rubber gloves	
	Body: Wear wool or cotton protective suits; impervious rubber	
	shoes or leather boots.	
	Respiratory Organs: Approved dust mask should be used.	
	Others: In case of emergency washing of eyes and skin, the source	
	of running water should be provided.	
Environmental Exposure Controls	Arrange control / monitoring of dust emissions to environment.	

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Granulated product. Colour not specified
Odour	Weak odour
Odour threshold	Not applicable
pH (5 %-solution)	6,8-7,4
Melting Point/freezing point	155°C at 1013 hPa
Decomposition temperature	155°C at 1013 hPa
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	Boiling point could not be determined before decomposition
Flash Point	Not applicable

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Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable
Flammability	Non flammable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Non flammable
limits	
Vapour Pressure	0,0762 Pa at 20 °C
Vapour Density	Not applicable
Relative Density	$1,62 \div 1,80 \text{ kg/m}^3 \text{ at } 19^{\circ}\text{C}$
Solubility(ies)	Water solubility >100 g/L at 20 °C
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	Product does not contain groups that may react with oxygen and
	therefore will not auto-ignite at temperatures between room
	temperature and melting
Viscosity	Not applicable
Explosive Properties	Non-explosive
Oxidizing Properties	No oxidizing properties

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended conditions of using and storage
10.2 Possibility of	No known hazardous reactions
Hazardous Reactions	
10.3 Conditions to	Heating up to more than 155°C (see subsection 5.2).
Avoid	Atmospheric precipitation and humidity (see subsection 7.2).
10.4 Incompatible	Alkalis cause product decomposition followed by ammonia emission.
Materials	Strong Acids cause product decomposition followed by phosphoric acid
	emission.
10.5 Hazardous	When product is heated to decomposition temperature (above 155 °C), the toxic
Decomposition	fumes of ammonia and oxides of nitrogen and sulfur (sulfur trioxide) release to
Products	environment.
	Alkalis action - ammonia gas.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

	Diammonium Hydrogenorthophosphate (CAS No 7783-28-0)	Diammonium Sulphate (CAS No 7783-20-2)
Acute Toxicity, non-human information		
oral	LD ₅₀ (oral): >2000 mg/kg bw rat (Sprague-Dawley) male/female OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)	2000-4250 mg/kg bw
Inhalation	LC ₅₀ (inhalation): air >5000 mg/m³ rat (Crl:WI(Han)) male/female OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	> 1000 mg/m³ (8h/day)
dermal	LD ₅₀ (dermal): >5000 mg/kg bw rat (Sprague-Dawley) male/female OECD Guideline 402 (Acute	

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	Dermal Toxicity)	
		LD ₅₀ (dermal): > 2000 mg/kg bw rabbit
Acute Toxicity, human information	No information is available	No information is available
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	not irritating rabbit (Vienna White) OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) - equivalent or similar	not irritating
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	not irritating rabbit (Vienna White) OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) - equivalent or similar	not irritating
skin	not sensitizing mouse (CBA)	not sensitizing
	female OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay)	not sensitizing
respiratory system	Information is not required	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity bacterial reverse mutation assay	Negative	Evaluation of results:
(Ames test) (gene mutation)	S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 (met. act.: with and without) E. coli WP2 uvr A (met. act.: with and without) OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)	negative Test results: negative for S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100(all strains/cell types tested); met. act.: with and without; cytotoxicity: no, but tested up to limit concentrations S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98 and TA 100 (met. act.: with and without) Doses: 20, 100, 500, 2500, 5000 µg/plate OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
mouse lymphoma L5178Y cells (met. act.: with and without)	Negative for mouse lymphoma L5178Y cells (strain/cell type: Test system L5178Y/TK+/- 3.7.2C); met. act.: with and without; cytotoxicity: no OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Evaluation of results: negative Test results: Genotoxicity: negative (male); toxicity: no effects micronucleus assay (chromosome aberration) mouse (ddY) male intraperitoneal 62.5, 125, 250, 500 mg/kg bw (single dosing) 31.3, 62.5, 125, 250 mg/kg bw/d (multiple dosing) The maximum doses of the test compounds were determined by pilot experiments using the multisampling at multi-dose levels method according to Hayashi M et al (1984). A pilot experiment for the micronucleus test. The multi-sampling at multi-dose levels method. Mutat Res 141:, 165.
in vitro mammalian chromosome	Negative.	Evaluation of results:

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aberration test	Chinese hamster Ovary (negative	
	(met. act.: with and with		Test results:	
	OECD Guideline 4			hocytes: human(all
	vitro Mammalian Chrom	osome	strains/cell types to	ested); met. act.:
	Aberration Test)		without	
				an (met. act.: without)
			Doses: ca. 423 mg	
			equivalent or simi	lar to OECD Guideline
			473 (In vitro Mam	malian Chromosome
			Aberration Test)	
Carcinogenicity	In accordance with colur	nn 2 of	There is no need to	o classify ammonium
	REACH Annex X, no		sulfate for carcino	genicity according to
	carcinogenicity study ne	eds to be	the Directive 67/5	48/EC or GHS criteria
	proposed as product is no	ot	(Regulation (EC)	N° 1907/2006).
	genotoxic			,
	<u></u>			
Reproductive Toxicity			iammonium	Diammonium
		Hydroge	enorthophosphate	Sulphate
		(CAS	S No 7783-28-0)	(CAS No 7783-20-2)
fertility	NOAEL (P and F): (actual dose		g/kg bw/day	≥1500 mg/kg bw/day
	received)			
	rat (Sprague-Dawley) male/female			
	(combined repeated dose and			
	reproduction / developmental			
	screening)			
	OECD Guideline 422			
	(Combined Repeated Dose			
	Toxicity Study with the			
	Reproduction / Developmental			
	Toxicity Screening Test)			
developmental toxicity	NOAEL (developmental toxicity):	≥1500 m	g/kg bw/day	≥1500 mg/kg bw/day
1	(actual dose received)			
	rat (Sprague-Dawley) male/female			
	OECD Guideline 422			
	(Combined Repeated Dose			
	Toxicity Study with the			
	Reproduction / Developmental			
	Toxicity Screening Test)			
Specific Target Organ	, ,	No STO	Τ	No STOT
Toxicity (STOT) – single				
and repeated exposure				
Aspiration Hazard	See section 4			
Health Effects	Potential health effects/symptoms			
Titulin Elicets	and authorities 4.2	1		

12 Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

	Diammonium Hydrogenorthophosphate (CAS No 7783-28-0)	Diammonium Sulphate (CAS No 7783-20-2)
Short-term toxicity to fish	LC ₅₀ for freshwater fish (96 h):1700 mg/L	Acute harmful to fish.
	Cirrhinus mrigala/L. Rohita	> 53 mg/l (96 hours)
	Standard Methods for the	Oncorhynchus mykiss
	Examination of Water and wastewater	freshwater
	(APHA-1985)	various
		lowest SMAV for salmonoid species

- see subsection 4.2

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	1	among the 29 fish species as given in
		U.S. EPA (1999), adjusted to pH 8
Long-term toxicity to fish	No data. The study is not considered	EC10 (30 d): 5.29 mg/L test mat.
	necessary	Lepomis macrochirus
		freshwater
		early-life stage: reproduction,
		(sub)lethal effects
		flow-through
		lowest species mean chronic value
		(SMCV) as given in U.S. EPA (1999),
		adjusted to pH 8 and 25°C
Short-term toxicity to aquatic	EC ₅₀ /LC ₅₀ for freshwater invertebrates:	EC50 (48 h): 121.7 mg/L test mat.
invertebrates	1790 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia acanthina
	Daphnia carinata (water flea)	freshwater
	Standard methods for the	static
	examination of water and wastewater. 14th	_
	ed., American Public Health Association,	(1999), adjusted to pH 8
	New York (1975)	
Long-term toxicity to aquatic	No data. The study is not considered	EC10 (10 wk): 3.12 mg/L test mat.
invertebrates	necessary	Hyalella azteca
		freshwater
		semi-static
		lowest species mean chronic value
		(SMCV) as given in U.S. EPA (1999),
		adjusted to pH 8 and 25°C
Algae and aquatic plants	EC ₅₀ /LC ₅₀ for freshwater algae: >100	With high probability acute not harmful
	mg/L	to algae
	EC_{10}/LC_{10} or NOEC for freshwater algae:	EC50 (18 d): 2700 mg/L test mat.
	100 mg/L	(nominal) based on: cell number
	Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata (reported	Chlorella vulgaris (algae)
	as Selenastrum capricornutum) (algae)	freshwater
	OECD Guideline 201 (Algae, Growth	static
	Inhibition Test)	other: 18 day batch test
Sediment organisms	No data. The study is not considered	EC10 (10 wk): 3.12 mg/L test mat.
	necessary	(Ammonium sulphate) (nominal) based
		on: reproduction
Other aquatic organisms	No information available	PNEC water:
other aquatic organisms	The initial with with the control of	PNEC aqua (freshwater): 0.312 mg/L;
		PNEC aqua (marine water): 0.0312
		mg/L;
		PNEC aqua (intermittent releases): 0.53
		mg/L.
		PNEC sediment:
		PNEC sediment (freshwater): 0.063
		mg/kg sediment dw
Soil macro-organisms except	No data. The study is not considered	LC50 (14 d): ca. 201 mg/kg soil dw test
arthropods	necessary	mat. (nominal) based on: mortality
F	1	Eisenia fetida (annelids)
		short-term toxicity (laboratory study)
		Substrate: artificial soil
		EPA/600/3-88/029 (1988)
Terrestrial arthropods	No data. The study is not considered	No data. The study is not considered
_	necessary	necessary
Terrestrial plants	No data. The study is not considered	No data. The study is not considered
i *	· •	1
	necessary No data. The study is not considered	necessary Nitrogen fixation and total soil biomass

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	necessary	(but not soil base respiration rate) can be affected by ammonium sulfate applied at 82.5kg/ha or more.
Microbiological activity in sewage treatment systems: toxicity to aquatic microorganisms	EC ₅₀ /LC ₅₀ for aquatic micro-organisms: >100 mg/L EC ₁₀ /LC ₁₀ or NOEC for aquatic micro-organisms: 100 mg/L Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)	The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced in appropriate low concentrations. EC50 (30 min): 1618 mg/L test mat. (nominal) based on: respiration rate activated sludge, domestic freshwater static OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)

12.2 Persistence and Degradability

Abiotic degradation	Not applicable. The substance is inorganic.
Biotic degradation	In wastewater plant:
	During the anaerobic transformation of ammonium, one group of bacteria oxidizes
	ammonium to nitrite while another group oxidizes nitrite to nitrate. The average
	biodegradation value in wastewater plant at 20°C is 52 g N/kg dissolved solid/day.
	Nitrate degradation is fastest in anaerobic conditions. In the anaerobic
	transformation of nitrate into N ₂ , N ₂ O and NH ₃ , the biodegradation rate in
	wastewater plant at 20 degrees Celsius is 70 g N/kg dissolved solid/day. In
	aqueous solution, ammonium sulfate is completely dissociated into the ammonium
	ion (NH ⁴⁺) and the sulfate anion (SO ₄ ²⁻). Hydrolysis of ammonium sulfate does not
	occur.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

Product has a low bioaccumulative potential.

Due to the water solubility and the ionic nature, product is not expected to be bioaccumulative.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

Due to the water solubility and the ionic nature product is not expected to be adsorbed by soil and volatilize from soil. In soil, nitrification and de-nitrification processes occur as well as in secondary wastewater treatment processes. Sulfate can also be retained in soil, both by incorporation into organic matter (e. g. as sulfate esters of humic acids) and adsorbed tosoil particles such as hydrous iron and aluminum sesquioxides (EPA, 2002).

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted since product is inorganic.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects

Not mentioned

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

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Conforms to Regulation (EU) №1907/2006, № 453/2010, No 1272/2008, 2015/830

''''''P R*U+36<62*9+'''

Product/packaging disposal:	Depending on degree of contamination, use the fertilizers as raw
	material for liquid fertilizer, or send to an authorized disposal
	facility in accordance with local/national regulations.
	Utilize contaminated empty packages in a safe way and in
	accordance with local and national regulations.
Wastewater utilization – relevant	See subsection 6.3.
information	

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 General Information

Product, packed or bulk, may be transported by railway, cars, trucks and/or sea transport.

Packing: PE or PP bags (50 kg);

flexible containers (500-1000 kg).

Packages and transport vehicles must be tight enough and well sealed to prevent dust scattering into the environment. Open transport vehicles must be supplied with special covers (canopies, curtains).

Measures to prevent damage of packaging should be taken during transportation.

14.2 Transportation Classification

Product is not classified to be a dangerous good for any mode of transport.

UN Number	None
Road Transport ADR	Not regulated
Railway Transport RID	Not regulated
Air Transport ICAO and IATA	Not regulated
Sea Transport IMDG	Not regulated
Group according to the BC Code	Does not apply
Medical first aid (MFAG))	Not applicable
Marine pollutant	No

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance

EU Regulations	Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of
	18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and
	Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on
	classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.
	Regulation (EC) №2003/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13
	October 2003 relating to fertilizers.
Other Documents	Guidance for the storage, handling and transportation of solid mineral fertilizers,
	EFMA, April 2007.
	Guidance for Safe and Secure Storage of Fertilizers on Farms, EFMA, 2009.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out. Exposure scenario is not required.

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Conforms to Regulation (EU) №1907/2006, № 453/2010, No 1272/2008, 2015/830

""""P R*(J+'36<62*9+"

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16 OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Date of Previous SDS

Tgi wrcvkqpu'3; 29 H228.''42371: 52'*TGCEJ +:'3494 H22: '*ENR+'(''675 H232''qp''yj g''dcuku''qh''tgi kıntcvkqp''f cvc'' *WENKF '7''f quukgt''cpf 'EUT+0.

Rtgxkqwu'tgxkukqp'60b'y cu'kuuwgf 'cv'370b2042360'

 $Tgcuqp'hqt'tgxkukqp < NG'pco~g'ej~cpi~g'htqo~'QLUE'\\ SCr~cvks''vq'LUE'\\ \"{o}Cr~cvks\"{o}O'$

16.2 Abbreviations:

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CFT"ó"European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

DE"Eqf g"6"Code of Safe Practice for Solid Bulk Cargoes (BS Code IMO)

EOT"6"Carcinogenicity, Mutagenicity and Toxicity for reproduction

FPGN'6"Derived no-effect level""

GE32"6"Effective Concentration for 10% of the response under test "

GE72"6"Effective Concentration (Median) for 50% of the response under test "

GHO C"ó"European Fertilizer Manufacturers' Association

ICVC"6"International Air Transport Association"

ECQ"6"International Civil Aviation Organization"

KOFI "6"International Maritime Dangerous Goods (Code)

NE₃₂"6"Lethal Concentration for 10% of the population under test

NE₇₂"6"Lethal Concentration (Median) for 50% of the population under test

NF 72"6"Lethal Dose for 50% the population under test

OHCI 6"6"The IMO/WHO/ILO Medical First Aid Guide for Use in Accidents Involving Dangerous

Goods. Chemicals Supplement to the International Medical Guide for Ships (IMGS)

PQCGN'6"No Observed Adverse Effect Level"

PQGE"6"No Observed Effect Concentration"

QGEF "6" Organization for Economic Cooperation & Development

RDV'6'Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

RG-polyethylene

RR – polypropylene

TIF "6"Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

xRxD"6"very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative"

"

16.3 References and Other Sources of Information"

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40'Uchgv('Fcvc''Uj ggv'ōCo o qpkwo ''uwrhcvgö't gegkxgf 'htqo ''uwr r nkgt0' 50'GHO C'T geqo o gpf cvkqpu0'

"

16.4 S-phrases (Annex IV of European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)

U5815915; <"Y gct"uwkscdrg"r tqvgevkxg"erqvj kpi ."i rqxgu"cpf "g{gllrceg"r tqvgevkqp0"

Vj g"kphqto cvkqp"r tqxkf gf "kp" yj ku"Uchgv{"F cvc"Uj ggv'ku"eqttgev'vq" yj g"dguv'qh"qwt"npqy ngf i g. "kphqto cvkqp" cpf "dgnkgh"cv'yj g"f cvg"qh"kuu'r wdnkecvkqp0'V yj ku"kphqto cvkqp"ku"qpn{"vq"dg"wugf "cu"i wkf cpeg"hqt"uchg"j cpf nkpi ." wug. "r tqeguukpi ."uvqtci g. "vtcpur qtvcvkqp." fkur qucn'cpf "tgngcug." cpf "ku"pqv'eqpukf gtgf "cu"c" y cttcpv{"qt"s wcnkv{" ur gektkecvkqp0'V yg "kphqto cvkqp"qpn{"tgncvgu"vq" yg "ur gektke" o cvgtkcnif guki pcvgf "cpf" o c{"pqv'dg"xcnkf"hqt" yj ku" o cvgtkcnikh'wugf "kp"eqo dkpcvkqp" yk yj "cp{"qy gt" o cvgtkcni'qt" kp"cp{"r tqeguu. "wpnguu"ur gektkgf" kp" yj g"vgxv0'

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